ASHEVILLE NEWS.

ASHEVILLE, BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.

VOLUME 9—No. 29.] THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1858. [WHOLE No. 445.

THE ASHEVILLE NEWS

Is Published Weekly,

BY THOMAS W. ATKIN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

☞TERMS.—*Two Dollars* per annum, in advance; *Two Dollars and fifty cents* in six months; or *Three Dollars* at the end of the year.

☞Advertisements inserted at *One Dollar* per square of *twelve* lines, for the first and *twenty-five* cents for each subsequent insertion.

☞Business and professional cards, not exceeding five lines, Five Dollars per annum; over five and under twelve lines, Ten Dollars per annum.

☞For announcing the name of a candidate, Three Dollars.

From these terms there will be no departure, in any case. Liberal contracts made with those who desire to advertise by the year.

POSITIVELY,

All accounts for subscription, advertising and job work are due at the close of the year. This rule we shall rigidly enforce, and expect all who trade with us to settle once a year.

DR. J. F. E. HARDY

AND

DR. W. L. HILLIARD,

HAVE this day associated themselves in the practice of *MEDICINE*, in its various branches.

Dr. Hardy, who is daily in the village, will be always ready to examine cases and make out prescriptions, and when in his power visit cases in the country. Dr. Hilliard will attend to his town and country practice, as usual. We would especially call the attention of all persons laboring under diseases requiring Surgical aid, to this card. We will take especial pains to assist all persons living at a distance in procuring suitable boarding houses in or near the village, and render them such relief as the profession is capable of.

Office at Dr. Hilliard's Drug Store.

Asheville, January 2, 1855.—tf

M. L. NEILSON, M. D.,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

January 11, 1855. t

G. W. WHITSON,

SURGEON DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

David Coleman,

Attorney at Law,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

March 3, 1853.—tf.

W. M. HARDY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Will practice in the counties of the 7th Judicial District, and attend faithfully and punctually to all business entrusted to his care.

Asheville, Jan. 8th, 1857. tf

GEN. B. M. EDNEY

WILL practice Law regularly hereafter in the Superior Courts of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison, Yancy, Rutherford & Polk.

Office, Hendersonville, N. C. [Feb.12'57]y

BURTON & GOLD,

Attorneys at Law,

SHELBY, CLEAVELAND COUNTY, N. C.

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of Law and Equity of all the counties in the 7th Judicial District. Shelby, April 17, 1856. tf

NEW COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having associated themselves under the name and style of

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

for the purpose of transacting the mercantile business in this place, would respectfully call the attention of their old friends and customers to the fact, and offer their services to them in supplying them with the comforts and luxuries of life, on as reasonable terms as any other establishment in these regions.

They will be found at the old stand,

Opposite Eagle Hotel,

with a good stock and attentive clerks, already and willing to accommodate with such articles as they may need.

A. T. SUMMEY,
W. W. McDOWELL,
D. F. SUMMEY.

Jan. 1, 1857.

U. S. MAIL LINE

From Asheville to Salisbury.

THIS Line is now stocked with fresh and good Horses, new Coaches, and steady, ober and experienced Drivers. It is 20 miles the nearest route to Salisbury, and points east; and it is also cheaper than any other.

Over 100 miles of the line is stocked with the most comfortable and splendid

14 Passenger Coaches

in the Southern country. Give this route a trial, and if satisfaction is not given, the money will in every instance be refunded.

Leaves Asheville Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7 o'clock, a. m.

Office at Gudger's Hotel, Asheville.

C. S. BROWN, *Contractor.*

October 8, 1857. 3m

SPRING GOODS!

—0—

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE now receiving, at the old stand of Rankin & Pulliam, a general stock of *SPRING GOODS*, embracing every article usually found in a retail store in this country. They solicit a call from those wishing to buy, and promise to exhibit as pretty and as cheap Goods as the market can afford. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, and we will do you good.

April 9, 1857.

North Carolina Form Book.

JUST received and for SALE at ASTON'S.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE receiving an additional stock of Ready Made

Clothing, Hats, Bonnets, Jewelry, Watches, &c., &c.,

making their stock very complete. Call and examine it. July 24, 1857.

FINAL NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of SMITH & McDOWELL, will find their Notes and Accounts in the hands of *Col. J. M. ISRAEL.*—His room is in the North Wing of the Court House. He has also all the debts due the estate of the late James M. Smith. All persons indebted to either are most respectfully requested to call on Col. Israel or myself and settle up. I do not wish to put any one to cost, but the business must be closed up, and this is the final notice.

—

TO my old friends and customers, I would say that I have associated myself with the Messrs. Summey in the

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

at their old stand opposite the Eagle Hotel, where I will be pleased to see them, and to furnish them what Goods they may want to purchase at as low a price as any house in town can afford. Allow me to tender to you my thanks for your liberal patronage, and to express the hope that I may have the pleasure of seeing you again at Summey, McDowell & Co.'s.

W. W. McDOWELL.

January 29, 1857.

Place an Enduring Tablet over the Spot where Repose the Remains of those you Love.

New Marble Yard,

GREENVILLE, S. C.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of this and adjoining Districts, that they have opened a **MARBLE YARD** in the Town of Greenville, on the Lot opposite the *Mansion House*, and adjoining Dr. Bell's Hotel, where they will promptly and faithfully attend to all orders for

TOMB-STONES,

MONUMENTS,

And any other style of Work in their line.

Having had an experience of over fifteen years in this business, they have no doubt of their ability to give ample satisfaction to all who may entrust them with their orders.

CHALMERS & ALLEN.

October 29th, 1857. 3m

State of North Carolina.

MADISON COUNTY.

In Equity—Fall Term, 1857.

John Chandler and others,

vs.

James Shelton et al.

Petition to Sell Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants, James Shelton and Solomon Shelton are non-residents of this State, it is ordered by Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Asheville News, notifying the said Defendants personally to be and appear at the next Term of this Honorable Court, to be held for the county of Madison at the Court-House in Marshall on the 3rd Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them and set for hearing exparte.

Witness, J. G. YANCEY, Clerk & Master for said county, at Office, the 3rd Monday after the 4th Monday in September, 1857.

JOHN G. YANCEY, C. M. E.

December 3, 1857. 6w Printer's fee $6.

JUST AT HAND.

A fresh stock of Fish, Figs, and Family Fixings generally; Cheese, Candies, Crackers and Candles; Raisins, Almonds, and all sorts of good things, "too numerous to mention." Don't delay calling—I can't keep them.

Remember the place, DOYLE'S.

Oct. 15.

OUR GOODS

HAVE been purchased by one of the best buyers this market affords, and for Ladies and Gentlemen's wear we challenge competition. Call and examine our stock of

CLOTHING,

and if we can't please the most fastidious, we are much mistaken.

HATS,

From a cap for 37 1-2 cents, to a $5 50 Beaver of any grade, and any color from milky white to sooty black.

THE LADIES

Will also find Bonnets, Shoes, Zephyr Hoods, Capes, Gauntlets, Necklaces, materials for Talmas, and everything necessary to adorn and beautify, as well as to make comfortable.

Don't mistake the place.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

Concentrated Lye.

Warranted to make soap without lime or ashes, and with but little trouble; making a good article of soft washing soap at a cost of about 50 cents per hundred pounds. Full directions for making all kinds of soap accompany each box. Call and get a box and give it a trial, and if it does not do all I claim for it, then my name is not ASTON.

August 13, 1857.

This Way, Squire.

Cantwell's Justice, or the North Carolina Magistrate, a practical guide to the laws of the State, and the decisions of the Supreme Court, defining the duties and Jurisdiction of the Justice of the Peace out of Court, under the Revised Code of 1854'5 together with full instructions and numerous and new forms and precedents.

BY EDWARD CANTWELL, L. L. B.

Counsellor at Law.

One Volume of nearly 600 pages. Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

On the receipt of $4 00 the work will be sent by mail prepaid to any address. Address

E. J. ASTON.

Asheville, N. C.

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned have formed a partnership or the purpose of conducting the

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

in the house formerly occupied by W. D. Rankin & Co., in the name of **GAINES, DEAVER & CO.**, where they hope to see and serve all the old patrons of the house, and new customers not a few.

M. M. GAINES,
W. H. DEAVER,
A. GAINES.

Asheville, Jan. 1, 1857.

A LARGE stock of fashionable READY MADE CLOTHING, just received, and for sale, by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are now receiving our late extensive purchases of Ready-Made

CLOTHING,

consisting of every grade of quality, and embracing the newest styles and latest fashions.

We would call particular attention to our stock of

Boots, Shoes, and Hats,

Broad Cloths, English and *French Cassimeres*, 6-4 *Cloths & Coatings, Vestings, Trimings of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs,*

And a variety of FANCY GOODS, usually called for in a

Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

We take this opportunity to return thanks to our numerous friends and customers for past favors, and to inform them that in order to do justice to this branch of business, we have engaged the services of Maj. Dunlap, by whose well known taste and judgment, together with the personal attention of the principals, we hope to secure a continuance of their liberal patronage.

SMITH & CHAPMAN.

Sept. 10, 1857.

COME ALONG!

1000 pounds Sal Soda; 300 of Epsom Salts; 500 Putty; 100 gallons Spirits Turpentine; 2,500 lbs. White Lead in Oil; 500 lbs. Dry White Lead.

Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

Sept. 24.

Fresh Stock.

JUST received a full stock of fresh and genuine drugs and medicines, at the Brick Corner, *No. 1 Aston's Block.*

GUDGER'S (Late Smith's)

HOTEL

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THE PROPRIETOR of this long established and widely known House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public that it has recently been entirely refitted, and all its appointments re-arranged upon the most convenient and comfortable plan.

He desires to call the attention of the Southern people, who may desire a pleasant and comfortable

Summer Home,

to the advantages to be enjoyed here. He has good rooms, neatly furnished, polite and attentive servants, and his table shall be supplied with every comfort and luxury which the country affords. His personal attention will be devoted exclusively to the comfort of his guests.

No more pleasant summer resort than Asheville can be found any where. With a moral, intelligent and refined population, four churches, and a flourishing Female College, a pure and bracing atmosphere and water as bright and sparkling as ever gushed from the earth, the invalid or the seeker of pleasure can pass his time agreeably and profitably.

He may mention that strong

Sulphur and Chalybeate Water

has within a few days been discovered within two or three minutes walk of the Hotel.

Thankful for the liberal patronage of last season, he invites his friends and the public generally to call upon him, promising that neither money or labor shall be spared to render their sojourn pleasant and agreeable.

J. H. GUDGER, *Proprietor.*

Asheville, April 2, 1857.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

ARE now receiving their Stock of Spring and Summer

GOODS

FOR 1857.

Which, for variety, will surpass any stock ever offered in this market. Having been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, by one of the firm, Mr. D. F. Summey, who is acknowledged to be a man of the nicest taste and best judgment in this market in selecting goods; they would invite a discriminating public to inspect their stock, feeling assured that they will be able to demonstrate the fact that they have the best selected and cheapest stock in market. They don't pretend to sell for pay down alone, but the man who wants to deal in that way can be accommodated with goods as low as any "pay down" house can sell; and should he want a few more goods than his money will buy, they will be glad to let him have them, and wait until January, 1858. Good, prompt customers will do well to give them a call.

The usual articles of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

Asheville, March 19, '57.

Strictly for Cash.

FOR sale a lot of Tennessee Superfine FLOUR, at $3 per sack, by

Nov. 19. SMITH & CHAPMAN.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of W. D. Rankin & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent of the parties, on the 1st January, 1857.

W. D. RANKIN,
R. W. PULLIAM,
M. M. GAINES.

ALL who wish to purchase *cheap Goods* can be accommodated at the store of

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having purchased the interest of *L. CHAPMAN*, in the firm of Chapman, Rankin & Co., will continue the business at the old stand, under the name and style of Rankin & Chapman.

J. B. RANKIN,
R. H. CHAPMAN.

Asheville, Jan. 1, 1857.

BLUE STONE.

500 pounds Blue Stone, just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

NOTICE.

IN pursuance to the provisions of a Deed of Trust executed to me by Jason C. Whitson, I shall, upon the first day of February next, in the Town of Marion, McDowell county, proceed to sell the following property, viz:

THE LOT upon which is built the store house and blacksmith shop.

THE LOT upon which is built the dwelling house in which the said Whitson now lives.

THE LOT adjoining Dr. Michael's stable lot.

FOURTEEN Acres of Land, adjoining the Town, on which Whitson's stables stand.

FORTY or Fifty Acres of Land, one half mile north of Marion, adjoining Curtis and Samuel Flemming's heirs.

TWO hundred Acres of Land, where Jas. Goodrum now lives, and adjoining Thomas B. Wilson and John Elliott.

ONE Hundred Acres near John W. Craig, at the head of Hall's Branch.

SIX Hundred and Forty Acres, on the head waters of the South Fork of Buck Creek, adjoining the Yancy line.

ANOTHER Tract of Two Hundred and Twelve Acres, adjoining the last mentioned Tract.

THE one half of a Sixty Acre Tract, on the waters of North Muddy Creek, adjoining H. H. Corpening and others.

ONE NEGRO MAN, Henry, about 22 years old.

ONE NEGRO Woman, Sylva.

ONE IMPORTED JACK, known by the name of Don Juan.

TWO young Jacks.

SIX Jennetts; a number of Cattle, some of them fine stock; a number of Hogs.

TWO Mules.

TWO Fine Mares.

TWO Sets of Blacksmith Tools; Two new six horse Waggons; one two horse Waggon.

HOUSEHOLD and Kitchen Furniture.

A miscellaneous Library, containing upwards of 100 volumes; and many other articles of personal property.

Much of this property is very valuable.—The store house is one of the best in this section of the State, and situated on a beautiful lot, adjoining the public square, and immediately in front of the Court House. One very valuable Blacksmith, capable of doing any kind of work, and a superior imported Jack, a number of fine Jennetts, &c.

The terms of sale will be: Six months credit, the purchaser giving bond and undoubted security.

R. C. BURGIN, *Trustee.*

Marion, January 21, 1858.

VALUABLE FARM

FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Power of Attorney to me executed by William S. Mills and others, I shall offer at public sale, on the premises, in Henderson county, on Tuesday the 16th day of February next, all that well known Farm lately occupied by William S. Mills, Govan Mills, Columbus Mills, and P. B. Williams, as a

STOCK FARM,

Lying on French Broad River, in the county of Henderson, containing **891 Acres,** or thereabouts.

The immediate neighborhood of this farm to an inexhaustible RANGE, being within six miles of the

PINK BEDS,

and the fertility of the soil—100 acres or more being Bottom Lands—unite to make it an excellent investment for any one desirous of prosecuting the stock raising business.

At the same time and place I will offer for sale about

100 Head of Excellent Cattle; 300 Hogs; Two Mules; Farming Utensils, etc.

Conditions of the Sale for the Land.—A credit of one and two years, with interest from date.

For the Stock.—Sums under ten dollars, cash; over ten dollars, a credit of six months.

Note with approved security will be required, and the title to the land will be retained until the last payment is made.

JOHN A. DICKSON, *Atto.*

All persons having claims against the Balsam Farm Company will please present them to me, and all indebted are requested to make payment to me forthwith.

January 14, 1858.

☞Patriot & Mountaineer, Greenville; and Express, Spartanburg, will publish three times and forward bill to this office.

NOTICE.

I will be in Asheville on the first Monday in March next, with another lot of my native North Carolina *APPLE TREES*, which will be sold at 12 1-2 cents. Persons who have engaged Trees will please be ready to receive them on that day.

B. HAMILTON.

January 14, 1858.

MATERIALS

FOR MAKING

Roraback's

Compound Chemical Toilet and Washing

SOAP.

For sale by SMITH & CHAPMAN.

July 9, 1857.

Lines in a Son's Bible.

Remember, love, who gave thee this,
When other days shall come—
When she who had thy earliest kiss,
Sleeps in her narrow home.
Remember! 'twas a mother gave
This gift to one she'd die to save.

That mother sought a pledge of love
The holiest, for her son;
And from the gift of God above,
She chose a goodly one;
She chose for her beloved boy,
The word of life and light and joy;—

And bade him keep the gift—that when
The parting hour should come,
They might have hope to meet again,
In her eternal home.
She said his faith in that would be
Sweet incense to her memory.

And should the scoffer in his pride,
Laugh that fond gift to scorn,
And bid him cast that pledge aside,
That he from youth had borne;
She bade him pause and ask his breast,
If he, or she, had loved him best?

A parent's blessings on her son
Goes with this holy thing;
The love that would retain the one
Must to the other cling.
Remember, 'tis no idle toy,
A mother's gift—Remember, Boy!

A Perpetual Motion and no Mistake.

The New York Journal of Commerce, a paper not given to credulity, publishes the following interesting account of a perpetual motion:

Some of our readers will remember a humorous description of a 'perpetual motion' machine which was published in our columns nearly four years since, and went the rounds of the papers. The machine was invented by Mr. James G. Hendrickson, of Freebold, Monmouth county, New Jersey. The power was very slight, being obtained by the use of arms and balls attached to a cylinder, and so contrived as to keep the extra weight always one side, and give the cylinder a constant inclination to turn round. Mr. Hendrickson was a very plain countryman, who had whittled away for forty years at this machine, amid the jeers and scoffs of neighbors and acquaintances, and who was of course not a little proud of his success. Ours was the first public notice of his invention, but it soon attracted the attention of the curious, and he was invited to exhibit it at Raritan, New Jersey. The occasion, if we remember right, was a large gathering of people during the progress of an agricultural fair.

The incredulity of his own countrymen, however, was more than a match for him.—He was surrounded by a set of people who contended that the motion he claimed was an impossibility, and that he was an imposter. Poor Hendrickson was no orator, and his assailants were clamorous and loud spoken, but he pointed silently to his machine, which was enclosed in glass, and when the philosophers said that his claim was ridiculous, and that a machine could not "go of itself," he could only reply, "but it does go!" One would have supposed that the fact should have been sufficient to upset the old theory, but the Jersey Blues were as stubborn as the noted disputant whose speech upon such an occasion, "so much the worse for the facts," is now famous in history, and they clung to their theory, in the face of the demonstration. They went farther, and in a spirit of persecution as bitter as that which moved the Jesuits against Galileo, arrested Mr. Hendrickson for trickery and juggling, under the act for suppressing vice and immorality, charging him with moving his machine by a concealed spring!

He was accordingly tried for this offence before Justice Bodle, of Keyport. Mechanics, engineers, shipwrights, and all the expert and malcontent philosophers of that part of Jersey, gave testimony as to the impossibility of such an invention as he claimed, and their belief that a hidden spring, or some piece of ingenious roguery, was contained in the cylinder. At last the axe was applied, and the machine split in pieces, when lo! there was no concealed spring—no roguery—and the machine, despite the philosophers, had "gone of itself." The men of science gulped down their disappointment, and disappeared from the court room, and poor Hendrickson and the fragments of his machine were kindly discharged, with the verdict "no cause of action." The scene, when he returned to his home that night with the broken relics of his discovery in his hands, and sat gazing upon them in sad disappointment, must have been worthy of the canvas of a master painter.

Since that trial we had lost sight of him, but two or three days ago he came into the office, with the same patient, thoughtful face, and holding in his hand the old invention in a new dress. He has made it this time of brass ribs, so that there is nothing concealed and no place for concealment; and in spite of the Jersey persecutors, *it will go!* He has attached to it a simple clock, and this machine furnishes the motive power. How far this power can be extended, it is not for us to say; but we must believe our eyes, and we once more assert that the machine will "go of itself."

HAPPY COUPLE.—A young couple eloped from Indianapolis last week and were married in Cincinnati. Shortly after the ceremony they were telegraphed, and an officer traced them to the U. S. Hotel, and entered their room without knocking, and found them snug in the bridal couch. He explained his errand, when the young lady said, with a ringing laugh—"Tell ma it is too late—we've been married half an hour! Tel he! hee ee!" That's a specimen of "Young America."

Spicy Correspondence--A True Wife.

We are assured by a friend who is personally cognisant of what he states, that the following piquant correspondence is genuine.—A gentleman, whose business calls him a good deal from home, is accustomed to give the custody of his correspondence to his wife, an intelligent lady, who, in obedience to instructions, opens all letters that come in her husband's absence, answers such of them as she can, like a confidential clerk, and forwards the rest to her liege lord at such places as he may have designated at his departure. During a recent absence of her husband, the lady received a letter, of which the following (omitting names, dates and places,) is a true copy:

"My Dear Sir: I saw a fine picture of you yesterday and fell in love with it, and did with the original in W—— last winter, when I saw you more than an hour, though I suppose you did not see me among so many. I fear you will think me forward in thus addressing you; but I trust you are as noble and unsuspecting as you are handsome and brilliant. Perhaps you would like to know something about me—your ardent admirer! Well, I am not very good at description, but I will say that I am not married, (though you are, I am told.) My friends tell me I have not a pretty face, but only a good figure. I am rather *petite*, have black eyes, black hair and a dark complexion—that is, I am what is called a "brunette." I am stopping a few weeks with my brother-in-law and sister in this town, and I dearly wish you would meet me there before I return to W——. At any rate do not fail to write me at least a few words to tell me whether I shall ever see you again, and know you more intimately. Forgive my boldness, and believe me,

Your friend, ——."

To this letter the wife, who, by the by, had not the least knowledge of the person to whom she was writing, made the following answer:

"Mademoiselle: Your letter of the —— inst., addressed to Mr. ——, was duly received. Mr. ——, who is my husband, directed me, when he left home some days ago, to open all his letters, and to answer any of them I conveniently could. As you seem to be rather impatient, I will answer your letter myself. I do not think your description of yourself will please Mr. ——. I happen to know that he dislikes black eyes, and hates brunettes most decidedly. It is quite true (as you seem to suppose) that he judges of women as he does of horses; but I do not think your inventory of your 'points' is complete enough to be satisfactory to him. You omit to mention your height, weight, wind, speed, and [here the word is illigible.] Taking your charms at your own estimate, I doubt whether they will prove sufficiently attractive to draw him so far as B——, merely for the satisfaction of comparing them with the schedule. You say you trust my husband is 'unsuspecting.' I think that is his nature, but yet he is used to drawing inferences, which are sometimes as unkind as suspicious. You say you are unmarried.—My advice to you is that you marry somebody as soon as possible. In most cases I would not recommend haste, but in yours I am convinced there is truth in the proverb which speaks of the danger of delay. Should you be so fortunate as to get a husband, (which may God mercifully grant! my opinion is that you will consider any woman, who should write him such a letter as this of yours, impertinent, and perhaps, immodest.

"I will deliver your note to Mr. —— when he returns, and also a copy of my reply, which I am sure he will approve. I am, with as much respect as you permit,

MRS. ——."

[*Boston Post.*

THE MAN WHO PULLED GEN. JACKSON'S NOSE.—The correspondent of the Boston Herald, writing from Washington, says: "Robert C. Randolph, the naval officer who committed a personal assault upon President Jackson, and was dismissed from service, was recently appointed by the Secretary of War to a position in the arsenal at Washington. This appointment coming to the knowledge of the Tennessee delegation in Congress, they waited upon President Buchanan and represented that it was a reflection on the memory of the statesman, Andrew Jackson, and requested Randolph's removal from any post under the Administration. The President promptly informed Gov. Floyd, the Secretary of War, of the wishes of the Tennessee Democrats, and Randolph was suffered to resign. Every base and cowardly act has its own punishment. Since the outrage on the Presidential person, nearly twenty five years ago, adversity has been the follower of Randolph, who has over and over again repented his hot temper and unmanly deed. Governor Floyd conferred the appointment upon him purely from sympathy for the family of Randolph, who are the innocent sufferers for his fault.

CHOLERA.—This fell disease has once more made its appearance in England; and there can be no doubt, if it be true to its antecedents, that it will visit the shores of America during the course of the approaching summer. Should it do so, it will again find us unprepared, and the usual mortality of panic will be the result. Six months previous to the outbreak of 1854, we warned the authorities of its approach, and urgently advised the adoption of measures calculated to arrest its progress and disarm it, in a measure, of its power. Our warnings, however, were unheeded, and a mourning community were insulted by the solemn mockery enacted by short-sighted and incapable officials, in the great activity displayed to check the progress of an epidemic which had gathered its victims, expended its power, and was already rapidly on the decline.—*Montreal Med. Chronicle.*

On Monday morning last, a couple got on the train bound from Atlanta to Marietta, Ga., with the purpose of uniting themselves in the bonds of matrimony on their arrival at the latter place. But a clergyman happened to be on board, and the fact coming to the knowledge of the impatient pair, his services were secured, and the knot was tied while the parties were moving at the rate of thirty miles per hour. The Augusta *Dispatch* tells this story.

A few years ago, the ladies wore a very handy sort of hood, which was called "Kiss-if you dare." The present style of bonnet has a "Kiss me if you want to," look.

Late and Interesting from Utah--the Condition of the Mormon Army--Defiant Language of Brigham Young.

Our advices from Great Salt Lake City by way of San Francisco are to the 3rd of November. The proposition to declare Brigham Young "Prophet, Seer and Revelator" of the Mormon people, was sustained unanimously in the Tabernacle.

The *Deseret News* of November 4th, says: The company from Carson began to arrive on the 1st inst., and will probably all be in by the 3d. This company, with a few exceptions, embrace all who were sent on foreign missions to that region; also, several from California and Oregon.

[From the Los Angles Star Extra, Dec. 8]

Mr. Bell, with whom we have had a conversation, informs us that he left Salt Lake City on the 8th November, and after two days travelling, short stages, encamped for a day or two. While encamped, an express arrived from the city, who informed them that Colonel Johnson had arrived at Ham's Fork, and taken the command—that communications, short but expressive, had passed between the Colonel and Gov. Young, the result of which was, that Colonel Johnson ordered his command to be ready next morning for an advance on Salt Lake City, where he intended to Winter. Ham's Forks is about a hundred miles from the city. The Mormons were stationed at Echo canon, about fifty miles from the city, through which the troops must pass. A collision, therefore, was inevitable, as the Mormons were in great numbers, and were being rapidly reinforced. A march of two or three days would bring the troops in front of their opponents.

The rumor we alluded to in our last, respecting the burning of a number of wagons, has been confirmed by Mr. Bell. The wagons were the property of the Government contractors, and seventy six of them were burned. A body of armed mounted men came at night to the camp, told the wagon-master what they intended to do, gave him time to awake his men and remove their baggage and bedding, told them to select a wagon to take his party back to the States, which he did, and they then set fire to the whole train, burning up seventy six wagons. The cattle were driven into Salt Lake City.

With regard to the Indians east of Salt Lake, it is more than probably that Col. Johnson has propitiated them, and they will be found, if not on the side of the Government at least neutral.

In case of resistance to the troops, there is every reason for confidence that Col. Johnson will force the passage of the canon, and make good his advance to the City.

The force of the Mormons has been greatly over-estimated; almost every available man has been enrolled. In passing through the settlements, Mr. Bell found that the men generally had been called out to the mountains; and yet the whole force fell far short of 10,000 men.

The winter has set in with severity. In the city the snow was two inches deep, and in the mountains, where the Mormons were encamped, it must have been from six to twelve inches deep.

The Mormon army was in a very poor condition, badly clothed, poorly armed, and with very little provisions.

The families are represented as being in a suffering condition—wanting in provisions and wood, the winter already commenced, and the men all called off to the camps.

Mr. Bell's company had passports from Governor Young, but were only asked for them once. It seemed as if intelligence had been sent ahead of them, and all knew of their journey to California but at one station.

Nevertheless, it was necessary, at each settlement, to call on the Bishop, hire an interpreter, and send them ahead of the company to treat with the Indians for their safe passage. By representing themselves as Mormons, using every precaution, and more particularly by the expenditure of over two thousand dollars among bishops, interpreters and Indians, the company succeeded in making their way in safety.

We have confirmation of the report that was circulated at the time, regarding the company that was massacred some time since, that they suffered at the hands of the Indians, in revenge for criminal indiscretions on the part of certain of their members. Small bags containing poison were found in springs, the waters of which caused sickness and death among the Indians. They mustered their forces, followed and massacred the whole party.

The Mormons who recently left San Bernardino for Salt Lake were met by Mr. Bell's company beyond the Mojave. The train was moving along. There was no encampment on the Mojave, as had been reported here the past two or three days.

Messrs. Kincaid & Co., and Gilbert & Grelish sold out their entire stock of goods to the Mormons at the prices offered by the authorities. They were told the people wanted them, and they had better take what they could get, or abide the result.

Mr. Bell was enrolled in the army of defence, but on being informed of it, declined, of course, the intended honor. He, therefore, left the Territory. The company arrived in good health.

In the Tabernacle, on the 4th of October, Brigham Young made the following remarks: I will say a few words before the congregation is dismissed.

As but few can be in our offices to learn the news that is brought in, I will say that on the 2d, Friday last, a messenger arrived with the intelligence that the soldiers were going up Ham's Fork. Previous to that, I had sent by Lieutenant General Wells, a copy of the proclamation proclaiming martial law, and ordering the troops not to come here.—They treated it as I supposed they would. They say they are sent by the President, are subject to superior officers, and intend to abide their instructions, and I expect they will until some other power checks their progress.

I do not know that anybody's heart burns, except it is to get a little nearer our enemies, and for toops to undertake to come in here.

I have told you before, and I tell you now, that the result will be that Mormonism will be higher and greater in power than ever it was before. Our enemies will sink while we increase in power and strength, and enjoy an influence that we never enjoyed before, and the Lord will have His own way in bringing about these things. I know that all will be made right, and an all-wise, over-ruling Providence will bring us off victorious. He has led us to victory and peace, and has given us power and influence that we can sustain ourselves against all that can come to annoy, destroy, desolate and drive the Saints of God. God will fight our battles, and He will do it just as He pleases.

THE DISCOVERY OF GOLD IN CALIFORNIA.—The discovery of gold in California, though it has enriched the nation, has been attended with disaster to the discoverers. Capt. Sutter, in whose mill flume the first gold was found which gave rise to the California fever and peopled that region, has been entirely ruined by the turn events have since taken. In an account which he gives of the effect upon himself, he says it broke up his labors, stopped his tannery, left his mills deserted, and from the prospect of being the richest man on the Pacific, he is now hopelessly ruined.—Marshall, the man who made the discovery, is hardly any better off. At this very moment, wronged of every dollar and every foot of land he possessed, he would not have, but for the daily charity of comparative strangers, even a cabin in which to lay his head to rest at night. Sutter says that it was in a conversation with Marshall that Hargrave, the discoverer of gold in Australia, first obtained the idea of seeking for the precious metal in that country. Mr. Hargrave, for his discovery, received from the British Government the sum of £5,000, (25,000,) and from the Australian Government £10,000, ($50,000,)—making $75,000.

A large number of cases of small pox, as we learn from the Times, have been brought into the port of New York during the past season. Perhaps at no time within the last twenty years has the disease been imported from so many and various localities, as for the past few months. The disease is not confined to foreign ports, neither, but is frequently brought from our domestic seaboard towns. We learn that on Tuesday last a schooner from Virginia, laden with oysters, arrived at Quarantine with two of her crew sick with the most fatal form of this loathsome disease.

A letter to the Philadelphia Enquirer, from New York says:

A new *mania* is beginning to display itself among the fair dames of Gotham. It is, of course, an exotic, and consists in a violent desire for a "handkerchief," of which useful article every lady is forced to carry two—one for use in the pocket and the other for display in the hand. They are edged with lace.—Price $1,200 a dozen. To carry the more expensive article, boxes of pearl have been expressly invented. These are worth from $50 to $75. From these figures it will be seen that it will soon cost as much to keep a wife in handkerchiefs, as it does to keep the rest of the family in boots, buttons and house rent.

THE GREATEST CURIOSITY OF THE AGE.—The Mobile Mercury says, without question, the greatest natural living curiosity of this or any other country, is now on exhibition on Royal street, opposite Odd Fellow's Hall.—It is a living negro child with two heads, four arms and four legs. It is six years old, very intelligent, speaks with both mouths, sings well, waltzes and keeps time. This much the bills say, but the beholder cannot dismiss from his mind that he sees two children, though strictly speaking, there is but one. The connection is with the spine, and the best physiologists of Europe and this country have pronounced it one individual child.

A MONOMANIAC.—It is said that a person who resides in the twentieth ward, New York, exhibits a strange species of monomania.—Although sane, and accounted a man of strong sense upon other subjects, he has not ventured into the streets for many weeks during a rain storm, without a lightning rod attached to him. It is an iron rod about five feet in length, with a trio of prongs at the top.

The Medical Gazette, of Lisbon, asserts that all the persons in that city who reside in houses lighted with gas have escaped the yellow fever.

[FOR THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.]

Democratic Meeting in Madison County.

At a meeting of the Democracy of Madison county, held at Jewel Hill, on the 19th instant, on motion of Dr. John Yancy, Lewis Palmer, Esq., was appointed Chairman; and on motion, John G. Yancy and Robert M. Farnesworth were requested to act as Secretaries.

The object of the meeting was explained by Dr. John Yancy, in a brief and appropriate speech, after which he introduced the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the issues of State policy, now depending, have assumed a character of that importance to our people, never before presented in the history of the State.

Resolved, That the life and blood of these issues are Rail way facilities; and the speedy extension of our State rail-way system to the line of Tennessee.

Resolved, That on these depend all our vital interests, and future prosperity.

Resolved, That the policy which has induced the State Government to set on foot a general system of internal improvements, by State aid, after individual enterprise had been found insufficient, is wise, statesmanlike, and worthy of a great commonwealth.

Resolved, That in the prosecution of such a general scheme, the *time* in which the work should be pushed to completion, should be regulated, with an eye to the progress of competing lines in other States.

Resolved, That we congratulate our fellow-citizens, East of the mountains, that, under the operation of this "general system," its incalculable benefits have already been, to a great degree, extended to them.

Resolved, That common justice demands, that the benefits which have thus, with our assistance, been extended to all other portions of the State, should now, with the assistance of all other portions, be extended to us.

Resolved, That as citizens of the mountain section, we do most solemnly protest against the Legislation which has left us alone, deprived of the benefits, or the reasonably speedy prospect of the benefits, which all others have thus derived; and as North Carolinians we do most solemnly protest against the unwise, narrow and short-sighted policy which by our delay, permitting ourselves to be forestalled by rival lines of other States, on the North and upon the South, have put to extreme hazard the eventual prosperity of our own works, when completed.

Resolved, That we hold it to be a self evident truth, that every people have a right to construct their own improvements with their own means; the violation of such right is not only a fundamental error, unworthy of our enlightened age, but is gross usurpation and oppression towards those who are its victims: and that the violation of this principle by the Legislature of North Carolina, in its action with regard to the charter of the "Greenville and French Broad Rail Road Company," retaining therein restrictions deliberately calculated to destroy an enterprise of such vital importance to so many citizens, is a piece of capricious and short sighted oppression at which we are alike ashamed and indignant.

Resolved, That the delegates hereinafter appointed, are hereby instructed to specially appeal, (an appeal we make with great confidence,) to the justice and enligtenment of our democratic brethren throughout the State, in convention assembled, on these subjects, and, in a spirit of fairness and conciliation, but with the firmness demanded by the importance of the rights and interests involved, to adopt such a course as may seem to them most proper and effectual to secure the objects of the foregoing resolutions, through the action, and under the guarantees of said Convention.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Madison, as one man, heartily approve and support the democratic administration of President Buchanan; and that especially his wise and patriotic position on the Kansas Constitutional question, merits the applause, and should receive the unflinching support of the undivided South, and of nationalmen everywhere.

Resolved, That without disparaging the just claims of any of the many democrats in the State worthy of the office, we take occasion to express our preference for W. W. Avery, Esq., of Burke, as our first choice for Governor, and as a nomination eminently worthy of and acceptable to the party throughout the State.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be requested to appoint 35 delegates to represent Madison county in the approaching Democratic State Convention.

Which resolutions, after short and appropriate speeches advocating their adoption and unanimous approval, by Gen. B. M. Edney and David Coleman, Esq., were re-read by John G. Yancy and unanimously adopted.

In accordance with the foregoing resolutions, the Chairman appointed the following Delegates to represent Madison county in the State Democratic Convention, to be held at Charlotte on the 14th day of April next:

Col. L. A. B. Duckett, J. W. Reeves, Esq., Samuel Smith, J. J. McElroy, Benj'in West, T. D. Carter, R. P. Merrell, Dr. Joseph A. McDowell, Dr. John Yancy, Dr. John Anderson, J. M. Carver, Lawrence Allen, William Brown, A. Jarvis, Esq., John Peak, Edward Carter, F. M. Lawson, Joel Holcombe, W. A. Patterson, James McNew, Thomas Paine, Esq., A. J. Ramsey, A. A. Deweese, N. A. Farnsworth.

On motion, Lewis Palmer, Esq., John G. Yancy and R. M. Farnsworth were added to the list.

On motion, Dr. John A. Dickson, Marcus Erwin, Esq., Gen. B. M. Edney and David Coleman, Esq., were appointed proxies.

On motion, the proceedings were ordered to be published in the Asheville News, after which the meeting adjourned.

LEWIS PALMER, Chn.

JOHN G. YANCY, R. M. FARNSWORTH, } Secretaries.

TOUCHING INCIDENT.—The Buffalo Commercial says that the Rector of St. Paul's Church, in that city, had reached the middle of his discourse on Christmas Eve, when a delegate from heathendom came up the aisle. It was a young squaw, with a half heathenish, half civilized dress, a diminutive bonnet hanging on the back of her head by the strings, and a calico shawl of gay colors wrapped around her like a blanket. She came along with the slow Indian step, until, near the front of the church, a gentleman gave her a seat. She sat down as if unaccustomed to cushions, but maintained very good behavior, except when the Rector was occasionally more than usually emphatic, she felt called upon to express her approval by an audible "dat's good." During the singing of the closing hymn, she stood up with the rest, evidently much excited, leaning eagerly forward, her frame quivering with the new emotion of organ music. But after the benediction, when the choir performed an anthem, she rushed out of the pew into the space before the chancel, where she stood unconscious of the gaze of the congregation, her eyes fixed on the organ, and all the strangeness of her position forgotten in the rush of sensation produced by the rich notes of the organ and the exulting chorus of the anthem. Poor child of the wilds! drunk with a new emotion, a stray lamb from heathendom, joining unconsciously in the worship of One, who almost at the antipodes and nineteen centuries ago, lay in swaddling clothes within a manger!

WRETCHED POVERTY.—The Toronto Globe describes a wretched scene in that city.—The police were informed that a child had been born in Brock's Bush, and that both it and the mother were exposed to the inclemency of the weather. On the Sergeant proceeding thither a picture of wretchedness hardly credible presented itself. The unfortunate mother, was lying on a little hay saturated with snow and rain, with her dead infant reclining on her arm, with no covering of any description. The evidence showed that the child was born alive, and that it had died from exposure to the cold.

Heavy Robbery in Fernandina.

SAVANNAH, January 18.

Two young men from North Carolina were robbed of $10,000, at Fernandina, Florida, on Saturday night last. Of this amount, $9,500 was in Wilmington money, and the balance in bills of bank of South Carolina, whose names have not been ascertained. A reward of $2,000 has been offered for the recovery of the money.

Two country lawyers overtaking a wagoner, and thinking to crack a joke on him, asked, with assumed gravity:

"Pray, Mister Wagoner, how is it that your fore-horse is so fat and the others so lean?"

The wagoner, with sharpened Scotch penetration, and knowing them to belong to the legal tribe, replied:

"Well, ye see, the reason is plain—the fore-horse is a lawyer, an the ither two are his clients."

The jokers vamosed instanter.

CRIME IN BOSTON IN 1857.—During the year 1857 the number of cases brought before the police court in Boston was *nine thousand two hundred and six*. In 1856 the number was 8503. Increase of cases in 1857, seven hundred and three. The principal offences were drunkenness, assaults and larcenies.

ALLEDGED CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS.—An exchange recommends the following, as an infallible cure for beastly intoxication:—Whenever a person is in a stupid and insensible state, from the abuse of intoxicating drinks, lay him on his right side, elevate his left arm, and pour cold water down it slowly. Before a common pitcher full can be emptied, the man will walk, perfectly sober.

A Mr. Holden, who was killed mysteriously at Ann Arbor, Michigan, had an insurance on his life for $27,000; which the companies refuse to pay, alleging that he committed suicide for the benefit of his family! A good many men might commit suicide for the benefit of their families, even without any life insurance.—*Prov. Journal.*

Negroes that four months ago could not be purchased for less than fifteen hundred, can now be bought at the slave depots, in this city, for one thousand dollars.—*Vicksburg Sun.*

A late religious writer stigmatizes the authors of yellow covered novels, as "literary scorpions, who sting virtue to death."

The Galveston News mentions the receipt of a sweet potato weighing 16 pounds, and about the size and shape of a pumpkin, measuring 30 inches in circumference each way.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, January 19.

In the Senate to day, Senator Gwin, from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad, reported a bill providing for the carrying of the mails, munitions of war, troops, etc., from some point on the Missouri river to San Francisco; in other words, the Pacific Railroad bill; which was made the special order of the day for the first Monday in February.

Senator Clay, from the Committee on Commerce, reported back a bill to repeal all laws allowing fishing bounties.

A resolution was adopted calling on the President to furnish all information derived through the American officers on the coast of Africa, or from the British or French Governments, concerning the revival of the African slave trade.

Several private bills were considered and passed.

Senator Houston announced the death of Senator Rusk, and delivered a eulogy. He was followed by Senators Collamer, Gwin and Seward; after which the Senate adjourned.

In the House, a committee was appointed to examine the accounts of the late doorkeeper.

A bill providing for the appointment of the offices of clerks and messengers in the several departments at Washington among the States according to representation, was referred to a special committee of seven members.

Mr. Reagen announced the death of Senator Rusk, when eulogies were pronounced by Messrs. Keitt, Jackson, Quitman and Clark, of New York; whereupon the usual resolutions were adopted, and the House adjourned.

Gwin's bill proposes to locate the railroad between the Big Sioux and the mouth of the Kansas river to San Francisco—grant alternate sections of land to each side of the road, and $12,500 per mile, payable on the completion of every twenty five miles till $25,000,000 be reached. The amount thus advanced to be returned in mail service, etc., five per cent. be issued—the President to reserve bids and make a contract for twenty five years and locate the road.

The Colonization Society met to night.—The annual report states that the receipts for the year amounts to $97,000. This speaks for the success of the founding of settlements in the interior.

Recommends the Government to substitute small war steamers instead of sailing vessels for the suppression of African slavery.

WASHINGTON, January 20.

Nothing of general interest has transpired in Congress to day. In the Senate, Mr. Hale finished his speeech, in which he advised the people of Kansas to fight rather than submit to the Lecompton Constitution.

A GRATEFUL CLIENT.—When Judge Henderson, of Texas, was first a candidate for office, he visited Frontier county, in which he was, except by reputation, a stranger. Hearing that a trial for felony would take place in a few days, he determined to volunteer for the defence. The prisoner was charged with having stolen a pisto'; the defence was "not guilty." The volunteer counsel conducted the case with great ability. He confused the witness, palavered the court, and made an able, eloquent, and successful argument. The prisoner was acquitted—he had not stolen the pistol. The counsel received the enthusiastic applause of the audience. His innocent client availed himself of the earliest interval of the hurricane of congratulations to take his counsel aside. "My dear sir," said he, "you have saved me, and I am very grateful. I have no money, do not expect to have any, and do not expect ever to see you again; but to show that I appreciate your services, *you shall have the pistol!*" So saying, he drew from his pocket, and presented to the astonished attorney, the very pistol the attorney had just shown he had never stolen or had in his possession.

CLASSIC FROM ARKANSAS.—A good story is told of a Bostonian's first appearance in polite society in Arkansas. The company were engaged in dancing, but the loveliest female present occupied a chair at the window without a partner. Stepping up to the lady with a palpitating heart, his mind greatly excited for fear of a refusal he exclaimed:

"Will you do me the honor to grace me with your company for the next sett?"

Her lustrious eyes shone with unwonted brilliancy, her white pearly teeth fairly glistened in the flickering candle light, her heaving snowy bosom rose and fell with joyful rapture as she replied:

'Yes-sir-ee! for I've *sot*, and *sot*, and *sot*, 'til I've 'bout tuk root!'

The Boston Transcript says the following, by Oliver Wendell Holmes, is the finest simile ever writen: "The mind of a bigot is like the pupil of the eye; the more light you throw upon it the more it contracts."

There is said to be invested in the hide and leather business in Philadelphia, a capital of not less than two millions of dollars, and in the manufacture of morocco and sheep skins at least five hundred thousand dollars.

FAILURES IN MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.—There have been several important failures in these Cities during the past week, owing to the great decline in cotton. Engagements based upon cotton at 13 cents, could not be met when the article fell to 9.

Latest Kansas Election Reports.

ST. LOUIS, January 21.

The Democrat of this city publishes the returns of both of the elections recently held in Kansas, with the signature of acting Governor Denver attached to the returns. The vote for "the Constitution with slavery," was 6,143; and for "the Constitution without slavery," 569.

At the election held on the 4th of January, all the free State officers were elected by an average majority of four hundred and fifteen. The Kansas Senate consists of thirteen free State men, and six Democrats. In the House, there are twenty nine free State men and fifteen Democrats.

The majority polled against the Lecompton Constitution, on the 4th of January, is ten thousand two hundred and twenty six.—There are alleged frauds in Oxford, Shawnee and Kickapoo counties.

The Utah Expedition.

St. Louis, January 19.

The Republican has information from Fort Laramie, through an Indian trader, who arrived at Jefferson city yesterday. He reports having met, on the 23d of December, between 600 and 700 Cheyennes and Camanches, who were returning from Salt Lake City to their villages on the Black Walnut Hills, about 80 miles south of East Laramie. They were accompanied by about twenty Mormon leaders. It was their intention to remain at a camp they had erected until spring, when they would employ themselves under the Mormon influence in harrassing and cutting off the supply trains, which are to be sent to the relief of Col. Johnson. The Indian trapper had been led to believe that the Mormons had eighty thousand fighting men, who are well equipped. He also saw numerous fortifications, and a large number of Indian allies. He declares the Mormons had no idea of running away.

Burning of a School House.

New York, January 19.

The public school house on the corner of Concord and Navy streets, Brooklyn, was burnt this afternoon, owing to some defect in the heater. There were five hundred children in the building when the fire broke out, and the most intense excitement prevailed. In their eagerness to escape, seven children were either smothered or trampled to death! Many were only saved by being thrown from the windows, and caught in the arms of firemen and others. The building was entirely destroyed.

CURIOUS STATISTICS.—Old Wrinkles is strong on figures—mathematics is his forte—he reduces everything to a mathematical calculation basis. If you meet Wrinkles and ask him to take a drink, he at once calculates the chances of his meeting you again in a given length of time. He saw us throw away a cigar not wholly consumed, there being at least an inch of good tobacco which might have been smoked had we been so disposed, and he reproached us with the act of extravagance. We said it was a small matter, but Wrinkles launched out into his eternal mathematics, saying:—

There are twenty five thousand persons in this city who each smoke an average of four cigars a day, costing three cents each, average, which amounts in the aggregate to the sum of four thousand dollars a day expended in cigars; of each one of these cigars an average of at least one third is thrown away unsmoked, so that during each day one thousand three hundred and thirty three dollars thirty three and one third cents are thrown away, destroyed, lost in wasted tobacco, in discarded cigar-stumps. Add that up for the year, continued Wrinkles, and see what a startling sum total is produced—how many persons could be made rich—how many more could be made comfortable, by what is flung into the gutters in cigar stumps.

Wrinkles is so enthusiastic on this point that he talks of getting up a society to turn cigar stumps into snuff, and the snuff into cash. With the cash he says every poor family in that city can be kept in fuel and butchers' meats. Wrinkles is a progressive. Three cheers for Wrinkles.—*Albany Knickerbocker.*

☞The Raleigh Register says—"Some pious person has presented Squire Ridgeway, of the Whig, with a beautiful Bible. The Squire is in a quandary as to whether the unknown donor intended the gift as a rebuke for his sinfulness, or a reward for his piety! There can be no earthly doubt that the gift was designed as a reward for very great piety, (!) and as a stimulus to renewed vigor in wrestling with the world, the flesh and the devil!"

A young naval officer, when asked what period of the battle was the most appalling, replied—"The few hushed moments when they sprinkle the deck with sand, to drink the human blood as yet unshed."

[This reminds us of a story we heard in connection with the battle of Bladensburg.—A commander had placed his valorous company in position, and he and they grimly awaited the British to win fame out of them. Unfortunately he gave the command in hearing of his soldiers, to have men provided with blankets on hand, ready to carry off the wounded. In a few minu es his solders were over the hills and far away.]—*Virginia Sentinel.*

THE NEWS.

THOS. W. ATKIN, Editor.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, Jan. 28, 1858.

☞There is no disguising the fact, and politicians need not attempt to do so, that a mighty reaction is going on in the minds of the more intelligent members of the "American" party in the South. They strenuously, and no doubt honestly, opposed the election of James Buchanan; but his Administration is such that no reading, thinking and patriotic man, North or South, can long oppose it. Eminently *national*, his course challenges the warm approval of all national men. There may be minor points on which patriotic men may honestly differ with the President. But all will agree as to the enlarged, liberal, statesman-like and national policy of President Buchanan. And we think our "American" friends will agree with us also that the present is no time to wrangle over empty abstractions and exploded theories.—The Government of this country is a substantial reality, a tangible vitality, based upon the necessities, the capabilities, and the rights of the governed. As such, we should take common sense views of government policy, and by our influence assist in working out the grand design—the greatest good to the greatest number. Has the Administration of President Buchanan been true to the genius of our institutions, and to the great objects the founders of the Republic had in view?—We insist that it has; and furthermore, that every good man, no matter what his party affinities may hitherto have been, is bound to stand by and uphold the Executive as long as he walks in this path. Party names are nothing, while the principles involved are everything.

There are many good men, who, if it were not for fear of the charge of having changed their politics, would openly and zealously stand by the present National Administration. They are, we think, over sensitive on this subject. It is not only a man's right, but his bounden duty to support the government of his country, when he believes it to be properly administered. We believe there are thousands upon thousands of patriotic men in the ranks of the opposition who are satisfied that Mr. Buchanan is laboring for the best interests of his country; and many of them have the manliness to say so, despite the efforts of mere partisans to frighten them out of their propriety by launching anathemas at the heads of all who thus assert their independence. That there are many such in this District, we have abundant reason to know. We honor them for their independence and patriotism, and rejoice in believing that the National Democracy will have their assistance and co operation in developing and strengthening a policy calculated and designed to encircle the stars and stripes of our common country with a halo of glory as enduring as time itself.

The great National Democratic party proclaims its principles and its purposes. Its arms embrace a continent, and its beneficent policy would elevate and ennoble all who come within the circle of its influence. Let all who truly love our common country take their station beneath the banner of this great party. Their help is needed in beating back the enemies of the Constitution, and in establishing throughout the length and breadth of this Continent the pure and wholesome doctrines of Constitutional liberty and Republicanism. A brother's hand and a brother's welcome await all good men, no matter what party appellation they may have worn hitherto.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—On Friday last, after considerable "noise and confusion," the election for Mayor and Aldermen resulted as follows:

For Mayor—I. B. Sawyer, Esq.

For Aldermen—Ephraim Clayton, W. D. Rankin, T. W. Atkin, A. S. Merrimon, and J. B. Rankin.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that the dwelling house of Joseph Barnard, Esq., in the northern part of this county, together with the greater portion of his furniture, was destroyed by fire one night last week. Mr. Barnard's loss is heavy, as he had recently erected large and handsome buildings. The fire is supposed to have been accidental.

PURCHASE OF MOUNT VERNON.—It is stated that upwards of seventy five thousand dollars has already been raised, and put out at interest, of the sum required for the purchase of Mount Vernon. Two hundred thousand dollars is the sum demanded for the land and buildings.

This Senatorial District.

As David Coleman, Esq., who has so gallantly borne to victory the flag of Democracy, for several years past, in this Senatorial District, positively declines to be again a candidate, on account of pressing private engagements, it behooves the party to take some steps to secure an able and acceptable man to represent them in the Senate. As the District is large, and the facilities for a free interchange of opinion not of the best, it may be advisable to call a District Convention, to nominate a suitable man. Such a course is best calculated to secure harmony and efficiency of action in our ranks. But we only meant to call attention to the matter, not to argue it.

What say the Democracy of Henderson, Buncombe, Madison and Yancy? Brethren, let us hear from you. Speak out, "for the good of the cause."

Work Ahead.

With Utah, Kansas and Central America all on hand at one and the same time, it would seem that the government at Washington would have no idle hours. But from the following, which we clip from the Charleston *Standard*, it appears that Mr. Buchanan has an eye on Cuba, also. If so, we say, go ahead! The acquisition of Cuba, on honorable terms, is a part of *our* creed! Here is the extract:

The New York Times is very certain that President Buchanan is looking sharply after Cuba; that while the vexed questions of Kansas and Nicaragua are apparently employing all his energies, he is really making preparations for securing the very pretty little island of Cuba. The Times collects and puts forward many suspicious circumstances. First, there is the Ostend circular; the Cincinnati Platform; the President's reported conversation with Senator Brown, in which he said that if he could secure Cuba, he would willingly resign the Government to Vice President Breckinridge; the President's intention to appoint Auguste Belmont, the Rothschild's agent in this country, to the Spanish mission, as one entertaining like opinions to his own on the subject of Cuba, and one fitted by his intimate relations with the great bankers, to negotiate a purchase on accommodating terms; and last and most suspicious of all, the article in the Washington Union on "Colonization Southward," and in which it was stated that instead of private fillibustering expeditions like Walker's, it would be better to seize such territories of other countries, as might be deemed needful for our security, by open war. The Times learns that Gen. Totten, the head of the Engineer Department, has been ordered on a tour of inspection of all military fortifications in the Gulf of Mexico, and thinks that he will probably bring back a plan of Moro Castle in his pocket.

THE END OF A MAN OF GENIUS.—Charles Cassiday died recently in the Poor House of Sumner county, Tenn. We remember poor Cassiday well, though only a "wee bit of a fellow" when he was enjoying the meridian strength of one of the brightest intellects ever bestowed on fallen humanity. He was the author of the best portion of "Gunn's Domestic Medicine," a very popular book in the South and West. For this work he received about as much in the way of pay as would keep him moderately "mellow" while he performed the job. From the proceeds of the sale of this book Gunn has lived like a prince for a quarter of a century, while poor Cassiday dies a pauper! But for love of the accursed "fire water," the name of Charles Cassiday would have lived among the brightest of the age.

GETTING SOBER.—A letter from Washington says that at a recent Black Republican caucus it was resolved, upon the advice of Senator Seward, not to agitate the slavery question, but attend to the legitimate business of Congress. This is good advice, and we hope Northern slavery agitators will carry it into practice.

A DIRTY SCAMP.—A report has become current that General Jim Lane, the notorious leader of the Free State forces in Kansas, is a Mormon spy. It is said that the Administration has positive evidence of the fact, and that this evidence was obtained from despatches sent from Brigham Young to Lane, and intercepted by the United States troops. This rascal, Jim Lane, has contributed his full share towards fomenting strife and bloodshed in Kansas, although he has always managed to keep his own precious carcass out of harm's way. To the infamy of a traitor he adds the loathsome character of a spy against his country.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY.—Mr. Branch, member of Congress from the Raleigh district, has given notice of his intention to introduce at an early day a joint resolution to establish a National Foundry in the valley of Deep River, in this State.

HON. DAVID S. REID.—We regret to learn from the Washington *Union*, that the Hon. David S. Reid, of North Carolina, has been confined by severe illness nearly two weeks at Richmond, Virginia, while returning to Washington, accompanied by his family. We are happy to learn from the same paper, that on Saturday he was convalescent; and we hope that he may soon be able to proceed to the scene of his important duties.

☞At a sale of the property of James W. Lipscomb, which took place near Limestone, Spartanburg District, on the 6th inst., twenty three negroes brought $14,281 25—an average of $651,51.

THE GREAT FILIBUSTER.—The Richmond *South* says:

"One of the most enthusiastic and respectable assemblages that ever met to greet, countenance and encourage a distinguished man, met at the festive board last evening at the American Hotel. Statesmen were there, and legislators—members of the bar and other learned professions—officers of the militia and men of worth in civil life—all anxious to honor one whom they regard as a true representative of Southern interests, and whom they believe to have been most foully dealt with—to honor, in a word, Gen. Wm. Walker, the hero of Central America, the founder in that tropical region of American institutions.

"On his name being toasted, the General made a most powerful speech, in which he gave a thrilling history of his career, and in which he reviewed the action of our Government towards him."

Among those present "to honor one whom they regard as a true representative of Southern interests," we notice the name of *Senator Douglas*.

PROFITS AND LOSSES OF RAILROADS.—The last annual report of the New York and Erie Railroad Company shows an actual deficit on the last year's operations of $288,349 20.

The profits of the Lehigh Valley Railroad during the year 185[illegible] were $146,668.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE.—The amount collected for the support of missions during the year within the bounds of the Conference, was for—

Missions : : :	$18,199 00
For the Tract cause :	3,983 71
For the Sunday School cause	2,207 12
For the Bible cause :	2,857 77

☞A Kansas correspondent thus sums up the result of the late civil war in that Territory:

Killed : : : : :	0
Wounded, contusion of the nose, :	2
Missing : : : : :	0
Captured : : : : :	3
Frightened : : :	5,718

Walker Bonds.

It is stated that Gen. Walker has flooded the South with bonds of one hundred dollars each, issued in his (Walker's) name, running twenty years, payable in Nicaragua lands.—Rather poor stock.

☞It is rumored that ex Mayor Wood, of New York, is about to organize a movement in favor of Gov. Wise for the Presidency.

PEDESTRIAN FEAT.—Alfred Elson, an Englishman, twenty five years of ago, accomplished in Hardford, Conn., at twelve o'clock on Saturday night, the great feat of walking during one hundred and eight consecutive hours, without sleep or rest.

A VAST DOMAIN.—Texas has 101,747,000 acres of vacant domain.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation, Highly Concentrated Extract Buchu, for Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weaknesses, &c., is a safe and pleasant remedy. Read the advertisement in another column, headed "Helmbold's Genuine Preparation." January 7.

☞There are hundreds of remedies sold at every Drug Store, purporting to cure all diseases each advertised as the very best ever known, till we had lost all faith in them all, but there is one exception.

We speak of Dr. Sandford's Invigorator, which came to us recommended as a cure for Liver Complaints, and all diseases arising from a Diseased Liver. The testimonials of so many of our Physicians in its favor, induced us to try it, and now conviction is certain that it is one of the greatest blessings ever given to Dyspeptics, for it made a complete cure before the first bottle was taken, and now we can eat any thing eatable without trouble, while before nothing but the lightest food would digest, and often that gave pain. Now what we want to say to all our readers is, if Liver Complaint or Dyspepsia trouble you, do not fail to try this the greatest remedy in the world. January 7, 1858.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that after publication of this notice for six weeks, application will be made to the Commissioner of Pensions for the issue of a duplicate of Warrant No. —, Act of March 3, 1855, issued to Mary Hamilton, widow of William O. Hamilton, late a private in Captain Killian's Company, in Colonel Bynum's Regiment, in removing the Cherokee Indians in 1838; the same having been lost and a caveat against its location entered in the General Land Office, dated 6th January, 1858. J. M. ISRAEL,
Attorney for Claimant.
Jan. 28. w6.

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby cautioned against trading for a Note given by me and made payable to Goodlett & Grady, of Greenville, S. C., and bearing date the 12th of January, 1858, due six months from date, with interest, W. D. Miller security, as I do not intend to pay it, the consideration for which it was given having proven a cheat and unsound.
H. E. LAIN.
Mud Creek, Henderson co., N. C., Jan. 28.

DR. C. N. CANDLER

HAS returned to Asheville and resumed the practice of Medicine. Office at Gudger's Hotel.
January 28, 1858.

DONE SO SLICK

That Asheville is Bound to Shine.

THE subscriber feels thankful for past patronage from the citizens of Asheville and the surrounding country, and is now better prepared to do work with neatness and despatch than ever before, and intends to try to do his work so that it will increase his business. Any person wanting Carriages or Buggies made, or repaired, will find it to their advantage to call and examine his work and prices before making contracts elsewhere.

Good lumber, corn, wheat, flour, bacon or lard will be taken for work. Repairing must be paid for before it leaves the shop, as he works too low to have to earn his pay two or three times.

Shop in the south end of Asheville, near the branch. Call and make contracts.
W. T. CARTER.
Asheville, January 28, 1858.

State of North Carolina,

RUTHERFORD COUNTY.

In Rutherford Court of Equity.

John H. Wilkens
vs.
James O. Lewis et al.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James O. Lewis, James V. Shanklin and wife Nancy, Edward Rees and wife Sarah, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process of the Court cannot be served upon them, publication is ordered to be made in the Asheville News for six consecutive weeks for said non resident defendants to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the county of Rutherford at the Court House in Rutherfordton on the 9th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's bill, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them.

Witness, L. B. BRYAN, Clerk & Master of said Court, at Office, the 9th Monday after the 4th Monday in Sept., A. D., 1857.
L. B. BRYAN, *C. & M. E.*
Rutherfordton, Jan 28, '58. Pr'ter's fee $6.

State of North Carolina,

MADISON COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law—Fall Term, 1857.

Mary Roberts
vs.
L. D. Roberts,
Petition for Divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the said L. D. Roberts is a non resident of this State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six weeks, notifying him to appear and plead, answer or demur to the said petition, at the next Term of this Court, to be held on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, or judgment shall be taken pro confesso against him, and other proceedings will be had in pursuance of law.

Witness, L. W. ALLEN, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D., 1857, and in the 82d year of our Independence. Issued the 20th day of January, 1858.
L. W. ALLEN, *Clerk.*
January 28. w6 Printer's fee $6.

State of North Carolina,

MADISON COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law—Fall Term, 1857.

Mitchell Buckner
vs.
Eliza Buckner.
Petition for Divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the said Eliza Buckner is a non resident of this State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six successive weeks, commanding her to appear and plead, answer or demur to said Petition, at the next Term of said Court, to be held on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, or judgment will be taken pro confesso against her, and other proceedings will be had in pursuance of law.

In testimony whereof, I, L. W. ALLEN, have set my hand at Office at Jewel Hill, the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D., 1857. Issued 20th January, '58.
L. W. ALLEN, *Clerk.*
Jan. 28. w6 Printer's fee $6.

The Third Volume OF THE NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE OPENS WITH THE YEAR 1858.

IT is commended to the patronage of the people of North Carolina, and the whole country, as the organ of the North Carolina Conference.

THE CHEAPEST, AND ONE OF THE BEST *FAMILY RELIGIOUS* NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN THE SOUTH.

Terms: $1,50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

NO DEPARTURE FROM THIS RULE

Address the Editor,
REV. R. T. HEFLIN,
Raleigh, N. C.
January 21, 1858. 3m.

REEMS' CREEK SONS OF TEMPERANCE HIGH SCHOOL.

FOR MALES & FEMALES.

REV. J. A. REAGAN, Pres. and Teacher of Natural and Moral Sciences.

J. H. CALFEE, Professor of Mathematics and Ancient Languages.

The next session of the above named Institution will commence on Friday the 2nd of April, prox. Tuition ranges from $4 to $14 per session of five months.

Board in families, $1 25 per week.

Cabins at 50 cents per session for those who wish to board themselves. Contingent expenses 25 cents, paid in advance.

For particulars apply to
J. S. WEAVER.
Reems' Creek, Jan. 21, 1858.

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned qualified as Administrator of the estate of John P. Smith, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward immediately and make payment; and all persons having claims against said estate will present them within the time prescribed by law.

On Tuesday the 18th day of February, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Asheville, the following personal property belonging to said estate:

5 Head of Horses, 2 Milch Cows, Household and Kitchen Furniture. Thirty or Forty Head of Cattle. Also one Buggy.

Terms of Sale.—Six months credit with note and approved security.
JESSE S. SMITH, *Adm.*
Asheville, Feb. 14, 1858.

State of North Carolina,

Buncombe County.

John Sumner
VS.
C. N. Candler.

ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT.

It appearing that the Defendant, C. N. Candler, is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that publication be made according to law, notifying said Defendant personally to be and appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter sessions to be held for the county of Buncombe at the Court House in Asheville, on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in December next, to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff, or judgment by default will be rendered against him according to the pleadings.

Witness Jas. T. Weaver, Clerk of our said Court at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D., 1857.
JAS. T. WEAVER.
Clerk Co. Co.
December 17, 1857.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until Wednesday of Yancey County Court, (about 25th January next,) for building a Jail at Burnsville. The building to be of brick, 44 feet by 22, two stories high, with a passage 8 feet wide above and below, with iron cage in one upper room.

For specifications, address Isaac M. Broyles, at Burnsville.

The old Jail and lot on which it stands will be sold on the Tuesday of January Court.
ISAAC M. BROYLES.
J. G. PARROTT. } *Com's.*
D. H. DILLINGER.
Burnsville, Dec. 17, 1857. td.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to W. D. Rankin, & Co., are requested to make payment against January Court, and save cost. We are compelled to have money, and those who do not pay, or make satisfactory arrangements, will find their claims in the hands of an officer after that time.
Asheville, Dec. 17, 1857.

Call and Settle.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to call and settle by the 1st of January, or as soon after as convenient.—Annual settlements we must and will have with all our customers.
GAINS DEAVER & Co.
Asheville, Dec. 17, 1857.

FRUIT TREES.

I will offer at the next Court in Henderson, Buncombe, McDowell, and Burke, a lot of choice varieties of APPLE TREES, at the reduced price of 12 1-2 cents per tree.
B. HAMILTON.
December 17, 1857.

Molasses.

800 Gallons Molasses, as good, if not the best, ever offered for sale in this country. SMITH BAIRD & CO.
May 1, 1856. tf

O. M. LEWIS'
Daguerreian and Ambrotype GALLERY,

On Main Street, south of the Court House.

PICTURES of all sizes taken, from that of the finger ring to the *whole* size.

Instructions given in either Daguer or Ambrotyping, on most reasonable terms. Nov 20

TO OUR CUSTOMERS,

WHO have patronized us so very liberally, we hereby tender our sincere thanks, and solicit for our successors that favor and patronage we have been the recipients of. The junior partners have been trained and brought up under our care; and we can confidently recommend them to our old friends and the public generally,

To those indebted to us we say, we must have money; and that without delay. We owe money, and to those indebted to us we must look for aid. W. D. RANKIN & CO.
April 9, 1857.

1000 Lbs. Old Copper

WANTED, for which I will pay Stoves or Tin Ware. H. LINDSEY.
March 20, 1856.—tf

Children's, Boys and Youth's READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Just received by SMITH & CHAPMAN.

LADIES

WISHING to purchase fine DRESS GOODS for spring and summer wear, are advised to call on
RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
April 3. tf

ALL MATERIALS

For making Roraback's Soap for sale in any quantities, at ASTON'S.

100 gallons pure Linseed Oil. For sale at ASTON'S.

Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms.

ALSO,

Call and examine a large assortment of

TIN WARE,

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice. H. LINDSEY.
Asheville, March 20, 1856.—tf

FINE Tobacco and Cigars, for sale by
RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

Bank of East Tennessee.

THE undersigned will take on debts, or for Goods purchased, bills of the "Bank of East Tennessee," at 30 cents to the dollar.

Application must be made soon.
SMITH, BAIRD & CO.
Asheville, June 4th, 1857.

BUY your Drugs and Medicines at ASTON'S.

FLAX SEED.

I WISH to purchase 500 bushels of good clean Flax Seed. E. J. ASTON.
April 16.

JUST received a fine lot of Hammered Tire Iron by
RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
August 7, 1856.

Short Almanac for 1858.

	Sunday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesday,	Thursday,	Friday,	Saturday,
JANUARY.....						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
FEBRUARY....		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28						
MARCH.....		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
APRIL.....					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
MAY.....							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	20	31					
JUNE.....			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30			
JULY.....					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
AUGUST.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
SEPTEMBER.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	6	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
OCTOBER.....						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
NOVEMBER....		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
DECEMBER...				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	

Asheville Prices Current.

[Corrected Weekly by SMITH & CHAPMAN.]

SUGAR, brown, per lb.	12½ a 16
BACON, "	10
" crush'd, " "	18
COFFEE, " "	16⅔
FLOUR, per 100 lbs.	$3 a 00
WHEAT, per bushel,	85 a 1 00
OATS, " "	35
CORN, " "	50
DRIED APPLES,	
FEATHERS, per lb.	33⅓
WOOL, " "	25
TALLOW, " "	12½
BEESWAX, " "	20
BUTTER, " "	15
EGGS, per dozen,	10
CHICKENS, each,	10 a 12½
HOGS, gross, per lb.	
" nett, " "	
LARD, " "	
HYDES, dry, " "	15
" green " "	6 a 7
SNAKE ROOT, per lb.	30
GENSANG, " "	25
SPUN YARN,	1 20

Greenville Prices Current.

[Corrected Weekly, by SAM'L STRADLEY, Jr.]

BACON, new,	8½ a 10
BUTTER, "	15 a 20
FLOUR, per bbl.	$5 00 a 5 50
CORN (new)	50 a 55
PEAS,	75 80
WHEAT, per bush.,	90 a 1 00
OATS, " "	40 00
RYE, " "	75 00
APPLES, " "	75 a 1 25
APPLES, Dried,	1 00 a 1 25
POTATOES, Irish,	50 a 75
BEESWAX, per lb.	18¾
TALLOW, " "	10 a 12½
FEATHERS, " "	35 a 40
SPUN YARN,	1 15 a 1 20
MOLASSES,—	
West India,	50 a
New Orleans,	70 a
SUGAR, N. O., per lb.	10
" Crushed,	16⅔
SALT, per sack,	2 00
NAILS, per lb	6 a 7
CHICKENS,	12½
EGGS, per doz.,	10
COFFEE, " "	14 a 16½

PURE and Genuine Medicines always to be found at ASTON'S.

100 Large Quarto Family BIBLES, just received at ASTON'S.

LEONARD'S Yeast Powders. For sale a ASTON'S.

Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

OUR stock of these goods is large and inviting. Our coats commence in price at $1; pants 75 cents and vests 62 cents. Other things in proportion
SMITH, BAIRD & CO.
May 1, 1856. tf

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Asheville, at close of quarter ending 31st December, 1857, which, if not called for within three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters:

Alexander J M		Hiatt W G	
Alexander W J	2	Hiatt B P	
Alexander Mrs M J		Hughes Miss M A	
Alexander Mr. J H		Hogsed W L	
Ashe & Hargrave		Isreal Isom	
Adams W	2	Jones Ransom	
Armstrong Mr.		Jones Wm	
Athely A A		Jones El	
Baldwin Miss Peggy		Jones Mad	
Bates Humphrey		Josh Jas A	
Blanton Rev E R	2	James Luther	
Burns Ransom	2	King W W	
Broyles S T B		Lee Rhoda	
Bundren J B	2	Lannen Jas R	
Bettis E		Lamb Isaac	2
Belt H		Mathews C C	
Byers G Rowan		Munday W H	
Brevard Mrs M A		Munday Alx	
Bush Elkanah		Morefield John	
Blackwell Col E L		McCarson J Sumor D	
Bedford Jeptha		McKinney S J	
Crook Jas M		Morrison J H	
Crook J T		Morgan S D	
Clouch W		Matten J	
Casey Mrs Elizabeth		Marshal Henry	
Clark R J		Moore Chas	2
Clark D M		Nichol Mrs Nancy	
Clark Jas M		Porter A	3
Carroll C C		Parker W J	
Coche Joseph		Parker Richard	
Campbell W A	2	Pendland G F	
Carter D G		Parkey G	
Carter Miss Jane		Reynolds Col D	2
Colyer D G		Reynolds Col John M	
Cordell J M		Ruff D J	
Charlotte J A		Randal Mrs Vans	
Derrick H		Robinson T H	
Deaver Mrs Wm		Roberts Willis	
Doal Mat		Stepp Jesse	2
English Rev A F		Siles Berry	
Edmonds W A	3	Summers Dr D	3
Epps Miss L		Sitton Miss H N	
Flemming J A		Sigman Elias	
Flemming T F		Sullivan Joel	
Franklin Rob O		Smith Gen A E	
Foster Thomas		Tennison Isreal	
Gammon P S		Turner J C	
Gooch C D		Union James	
Graham Lou A		Wilson Miss Caroline	
Gash B S		Williams W	2
Gass D P		Walton Sting & Co	
Harren A G		White Miss Elizabeth	
Halloway Thomas		White N C	
Henderson Mrs H		White Wm	

JAMES H. HILLIARD, P. M.
Asheville, Jan. 7th 1858.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, BOOTS, SHOES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, DRUGS, GROCERIES,
&c., &c.,
Asheville, N. C.
April 3, 1857. tf

$100 REWARD!
BROKE JAIL!!

THE above reward will be paid for the arrest of ELLSBERRY JOHNSON and JOHN C. HOOPER, who made their escape from the Jail of Buncombe county on Monday night last.

JOHNSON, who is under sentence of death, is about 25 years of age, light hair, fair complexion, rather a mean countenance, about 5 feet 11 inches high, and weighs probably from 150 to 160 pounds.

JOHN HOOPER was brought here from Jackson county, charged with murder, and is about 5 feet 10 inches high, 25 years old, weighs probably 150 or 160 pounds, light or sandy hair and beard.

One Hundred Dollars will be paid for their arrest and confinement in any Jail so that they can be brought back, or Fifty Dollars for either of them.

G. W. HAMPTON,
Sheriff of Buncombe County.
Asheville, Dec. 3, 1857.

M. L. DOYLE,
BAKER & CONFECTIONER,
Main Street, opposite Eagle Hotel,
Asheville, N. C.

Keeps constantly on hand Bread of superior quality; Cake of every description; Candies in endless variety and abundance; Cheese; Nuts; Raisins; and in a word, everything calculated to refresh and strengthen the physical man, and tranquilize and sooth the mind. Families and Parties supplied at short notice, and on reasonable terms, &c., &c., &c.
March 5, 1857.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Gaines, Deaver & Co.,

Have just received an excellent assortment of Miles, City and Northern made
BOOTS & SHOES.
Asheville, July 24, 1857.

State of North Carolina.

McDOWELL COUNTY.
In Equity—Fall Term, 1757.

John S. Brown, Admr. of Wm. Gillaspie & Judith Gillaspie, deceased
VS.
Wm. Gillaspie, Henry T. Gillaspie and others.

In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the Defendants Wm. Gillaspie, Henry T. Gillaspie and Polly or Mary Watts; are non-residents of the State, it is ordered that publication be made in the Asheville News, a paper published in Asheville N. C., for the space of six weeks notifying said non-resident Defendants to be and appear at the next term of this court to be held for the county of McDowell at the court house in Marion on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur to complainants bill or judgment *pro confesso*, will be entered and heard exparte as to them.

Witness C. L. S. Corpening Clerk and Master in Equity for the county of McDowell, at office in Marion, the 18th day December, 1857.

C. L. S. CORPENING. C. & M. E.
Dec. 24, 1857, 6w Printer's fee $6

LIGHT READING.

All the popular Novels of the day constantly hand, at *ASTON'S.*

BUY your Books and Stationery at ASTON'S.

FALL TRADE, 1857.

B. R. HOPKINS, ROBERT HULL, WM. H. RYAN, THOS. W. ATKINSON.

HOPKINS, HULL & CO.
Wholesale Dealers in
British, French & American
DRY GOODS,
No. 258 Baltimore Street,
Opposite Hanover Street, BALTIMORE.

We beg to call the attention of buyers to our Fall Stock, which comprises a most attractive assortment of

British, French & American Dry Goods.

In each department we shall exhibit a large assortment, and shall be prepared to furnish any article needed in our line. Many of our goods we receive directly from the manufacturers, and our facilities enable us to supply our customers with goods as low as they can purchase them in any of the Eastern Cities. We would further state, that by the recent completion of many of the Western and Southern Railroads tending towards Baltimore, we have increased facilities for forwarding goods with dispatch. We solicit a call from prompt buyers, and shall endeavor to make it to their interest to deal with us.

Very Respectfully,
HOPKINS, HULL & CO.
258 *Baltimore Street.*
☞ Orders promptly attended to.
Baltimore, Sept. 10th, 1857. 4m

FACTS
FOR THE
PEOPLE.

WE are now receiving at our old stand, on the public square, Asheville, the largest and most varied stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER, STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Ready Made Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Ever offered for sale in this market. Our Goods have been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with especial reference to the wants of the *PEOPLE.* And as our stock embraces almost every article, "useful as well as ornamental," we flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to please all who may favor us with a call. The object of this notice is not to publish self-praise, and hold ourselves up in a flattering light before the community; but simply to inform you that we have a heavier and better assorted stock of Goods now arriving, than any other house in town, to which we expect to be continually making large additions throughout the season; and to extend to you, one and all, an invitation to visit us and examine our stock, before making your purchases. The styles of our Goods are unsurpassed, and we are determined not to be undersold; and as we make no promise that we do not intend to perform, you may come with the assurance of being satisfactorily accommodated. Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
April 2, 1857.

Furniture For Sale.

The undersigned keep constantly on hand at their shop in Asheville, a large quantity of well made and superior finished

Furniture,

of the most fashionable kind, consisting of *Chairs, Cane and Cushioned bottoms and other qualities, Sofas, Bureaus, Guitars, and a number of Violins, Bows and Strings* of the best quality. Those who are desirous of purchasing any article of Furniture of any description, will do well to call and see their assortment before purchasing elsewhere, as they are determined to sell at the very lowest price and on the best terms. J. & J. HILDEBRAN.

THE SMALL POX

HAVING lost its power to alarm and the people having began again to benefit themselves by selections from our stock of useful and beautiful

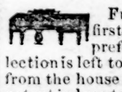
GOODS

we take this occasion to say that we are better prepared than usual to accommodate, and are rejoicing in hope of maintaining, and even exceeding, our share of patronage heretofore received.

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.
Asheville May 1, 1856. tf

A. G. KERN,

(Lately Professor of Music in Greensboro' Female College,)



Furnishes the best PIANOS of any first-class maker that purchasers may prefer, *at factory prices.* If the selection is left to him, he will order, in every case, from the house which is acknowledged by competent judges to be at this time the best in the world! A sample may be seen at Dr. Hilliard's, in this place. For further information apply to Prof. J. Hildebrand. {Asheville, Sept. 3, 1857.

THE most extensive assortment of Boots and Shoes ever offered in Asheville, for sale by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.
April 3. tf

Call at "Lewis' Gallery."

THE interesting picture of "Mitchell's Falls" on Black Mountain, as Ambrotyped by *OSCAR M. LEWIS* of Asheville, and Lithographed by the finest Artist in the city of New York, is now received and ready for exhibition. It is a picture 10 by 14 inches, finished in "tints" and colored to nature, in the finest style of the art.

The picture is accompanied with a Key and Memorial, and can be had on application at "Lewis' Gallery," Main street, Asheville, at the following prices:

In "Tints," without frame and glass,	$2 00
Colored to Nature, without frame & glass,	3 00
In "Tints," Picture and Key framed in gilt and glass,	3 00
Colored to Nature, framed in gilt and glass,	4 00

Orders filled when accompanied with the cash, and pictures sent to any part of the State or elsewhere. [Asheville, Jan. 7, 1858.

Chinese Sugar Cane Seed.

A Large lot, fresh and well cleaned, for sale at
SMITH & CHAPMAN'S.
Jan. 14, 1858.

North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company.

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS:

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alex. Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. W. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro'.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*, John R. Williams, C. W. D. Hutchings, } Executive Committee

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid. HAMDEN S. SMITH, Sec.
A. T. Summey, Agent, Asheville.
Raleigh, March 12, '57. 1y

North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the Mutual principle, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

Slaves are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson,	Wm. W. Holden,
Wm. D. Haywood,	Wm. D. Cooke,
James F. Jordan,	R. H. Battle,
Quinten Busbee,	Wm. H. Jones,
H. W. Husted,	P. F. Pescud,
Wm. H. McKee,	K. P. Battle.
Charles B. Root,	

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President,
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary,
William H. Jones, Treasurer,
H. W. Husted, Attorney,
Charles E. Johnson, M. D. } Medical
William H. McKee, M. D. } Board of
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Consultation.
Q. Busbee, W. H. McKee, Charles B. Root, } Executive Committee.

For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, Secretary.
A. T. Summey, Agent, Asheville.
Raleigh, March 12, 1857—1y.

ASHEVILLE
Mutual Insuranc Company,

AT a meeting of the members of the *Asheville Mutual Insurance Company*, convened in Asheville on Friday October 17th, the following Board of Directors and Officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. Osborne, President.
W. W. McDowell, Vice President.
J. B. Rankin, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, M. Patton.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. Hardy, M. D.
J. D. Boyd, " "
W. L. Hilliard, " "

ATTORNIES.

Z. B. Vance, A. S. Merrimon.

All communications should be addressed to J. B. RANKIN, *Secretary.*
Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

ARTHUR'S
Self-Sealing
Fruit Cans,
For Sale by
E. J. ASTON.

Arthur's
Self-Sealing
Fruit Cans.
For Sale by
SMITH & CHAPMAN.

Dr. McLANE'S
CELEBRATED
VERMIFUGE
AND
LIVER PILLS.

Two of the best Preparations of the Age.

They are not recommended as Universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports.

The Vermifuge, for expelling Worms from the human system, has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various animals subject to Worms.

The Liver Pills, for the cure of Liver Complaint, all Bilious Derangements, Sick Headache, &c.

Purchasers will please be particular to ask for Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills, prepared by

Fleming Bros.

SOLE PROPRIETORS, Pittsburgh, Pa., and take no other, as there are various other preparations now before the public, purporting to be Vermifuge and Liver Pills. All others, in comparison with Dr. McLane's, are worthless.

The GENUINE McLane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores.

FLEMING BRO'S,
60 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Sole Proprietors.

Scovil & Mead, No. 111, Charters street, New Orleans, General Wholesale Agents for the Southern States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Sold by E. J. Aston, Asheville, N. C.
" " B. D. Miller & Co., Hendersonville.
" " C. L. Harris & Co., Rutherfordton.
" " J. M. Crayton, "
" " Hull & Grayson, Marion.
" " J. V. Blackwell, Morganton.
" " Fitzgerald, Benners & Long, Waynesville.
" " Allman & Cunningham, Franklin.
June 5, 1857. 1y

Lindsey's Double-Acting
ROTARY FORCE PUMP.

This pump has just been patented in *America* and *England*, and far excels any pump heretofore invented; its peculiarities are *simplicity, power,* and *cheapness.* Its simplicity; there is nothing about it but iron and cast metal, and it can be taken apart and put up by any one, and will last for an age. It has the power to raise water *hundreds of feet,* with the extra expense of $3 and the price of pipe. Water rises in it by hand 100 feet per minute! For cheapness; a No. 1. pump (for all ordinary purposes) complete, and fifty feet of pipe, costs but $30! The handle at the top, turns the pipe and pump, and every revolution fills the cylinder twice, affording an abundant supply of water with the least possible expense and labor. It is peculiarly adapted to *deep wells, rail road stations, salt works, mining and manufacturing purposes.* Wherever it is introduced, the old force, suction and chain pumps will disappear. Practical and scientific men pronounce it as without an equal, for all that is here claimed for it. The *Scientific American,* after seeing it in operation, says: "*This pump is very simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, durable, easily operated and economical; we regard it as an excellent improvement.*" Circulars with an accurate drawing and full description sent free of charge to all parts of the country. No. 1, has a one inch pipe; No. 2, 1¼ inches; No. 3, 1¼ inches; and the prices $30, $42, $54; the No. 2 and 3 are designed for *very deep wells, railroad stations,* &c, where much water is required. The subscriber is the general agent for the sale of these pumps to all parts of the world, and *exclusive agent for* New York. Orders must be accompanied by the *cash,* and should be explicit as to the kind of pump wanted, depth of well, shipping address, &c. They will meet prompt attention. A pump and pipe weighs about 170 lbs. No charge for shipping or cartage. Wells over 50 feet should have extra gearing, which costs $3.

JAMES M. EDNEY,
Com. Merchant, 56 John St. N. Y.
For sale by H. Lindsey, Inventor, Asheville, N. C.

Almanacs for 1857.

Almanacs for 1857 to be had *gratis,* on application at ASTON'S.

FRESH RAISENS.—A few boxes just received; at ASTON'S.

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the
Smithing Business,
in all its branches, at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and wagons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say, he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed.

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT,
March 20, 1856.—1y

Fresh Citron.

JUST received at ASTON'S.
April, 14.

ONE DOLLAR
WILL BUY

ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, namely, Dr. Sandford's Invigorator or *Liver* Remedy, that acts as a *Cathartic,* easier, milder and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a Cathartic, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it, and when taken daily in moderate doses will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

Dr. Sandford's Invigorator is compounded entirely from new articles of medicine, namely, Gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known that one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel, without any of its deleterious effects.

Though possessing rare medicinal powers, these Gums have been but little known to physicians, and never used in their prescriptions until used in the form of the *Invigorator,* which met with such unprecedented success as to induce the proprietor to offer it as a family medicine tried and known in its effects. It has rarely ever failed to cure *Liver* complaints in their worst forms.

Indigestion being caused by a deranged *Liver* is cured when the Liver is excited to action.

Jaundice is caused by an improper action of the *Liver,* and as a proof that the Invigorator relieves this disease let any one troubled with Jaundice take the Invigorator regularly one week, and their skin will begin to assume its original color.

Costiveness can be permanently cured by the Invigorator. Take it in small doses on retiring, and it assists nature in her operations. By gradually diminishing the dose, the bowels are left in a healthy and active state, and work as regularly as clock work. Sick Headache is very soon relieved by taking a double dose of the *Invigorator,* which corrects all acidity and sourness of the stomach.

For an over-loaded stomach it has no equal, as it relieves all oppressive or uneasy feeling after eating heartily. For a family medicine generally, all who use it speak in the highest terms.

Dr. Sandford's Invigorator came to us recommended as a cure for Liver Complaints, and all diseases arising from a Diseased Liver. The testimonials of so many of our Physicians in its favor, induced us to try it, and now conviction is certain that it is one of the greatest blessings ever given to Dyspeptics, for it made a complete cure before the first bottle was taken and now we can eat anything edible without trouble, while before nothing but the lightest food would digest, and often that gave pain. Now what we want to say to all our readers is, if Liver Complaint or Dyspepsia trouble you, do not fail to try this the greatest remedy in the world.—*State Fact.*

There has never been tried in our family a remedy which has met with such unbounded success in the cure of diseases incident to children, as Dr. Sandford's Invigorator; nor is it alone for diseases of children that we use it; for it acts as a Cathartic so mildly and gently, and seems to renovate the system so thoroughly that we think we are doing a service to all in advising them when they need medicine to try this remedy. There are cases that have come under our notice where great benefit has been received in diseases of the *Liver,* Stomach and Bowels, where all other remedies failed to give relief. It has become so useful in our family that we will not be without it.—*Jacksonville Ala. Republican.*

Price one Dollar per Bottle.

SANDFORD & CO., Proprietors, 245 Broadway New York.
For sale by E. J. ASTON.
Asheville, May 21, 1857.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.

Important Announcement.

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis,* the Vice of *Onanism,* or *Self Abuse,* &c., &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, have directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to give *Medical Advice Gratis,* to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to *furnish Medicines free of charge.*

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institution, established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent and Epidemic Diseases." It has now a surplus of means, which the Directors have voted to expend in advertising the above notice. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

Just Published, by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelope,) *Free of Charge,* on the receipt of two stamps for postage.

Address, **Dr. GEO. R. CALHOUN,** Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South NINTH street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*
February 12, 1857. 1y

Dr. Clopton's Infirmary.

DR. JAS. CLOPTON, who has visited Raleigh, and all the principal towns in Carolina, for several years, practicing his profession, has permanently located at Huntsville, Alabama, where he is prepared to treat, *most successfully,* the following diseases, to-wit: Asthma, Diseases of the Throat, Scrofula, Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Scrofulous Cancers, Ulcers on the face, and all diseases of the skin, eyes, &c., arising from an impure state of the blood.

Testimonials of the highest character can be given, from the most respectable families of Carolina.

All communications must contain a three cent stamp to pay for the return letter.

TESTIMONIAL.

Lexington, Davidson Co. N. C., May 11, 1857.

Dr. J. A. Clopton: Dear Sir:—Yours of May 6, was received at home (Jamestown, Guilford Co.) yesterday, but I had not then time to answer. I came here to-day to court, and made some inquiry as to the cases which had been under your care and attention, and learned that two very important cures had been effected by your medicines. That of Mr. Samuel Bingham, of Mocksville, and Archihald P. Carter, Esq., of Davie county, who were willing to testify in your behalf in the suit, had it not been settled. Mr. Mabry was also referring to an important cure of a young lady that was at his house as she went on her way to see you.

I have a small hard, dry scab on my cheek, which is getting a little sore. Doctor, what will cure it? It has been there for several years.

Most Respectfully,
GEORGE C. MENDENHALL.

More than 1000 cases have been cured. The names of a few will be given:—Samuel Bingham, Mocksville, N. C., Archibald P. Carter, Mocksville; Miss Mattie Robertson, Pine Hall, N. C.; Wm. C. Adams, Madison, N. C.; Francis Dorsett, Pittsboro'; Mrs. John Holland, Fayetteville; T. W. Marshall, Beaufort. Circulars will be forwarded to any that may desire them.

July 9, 1857.

FRESH Drugs and Medicines always at ASTON'S.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation
OF
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weakness, Obstructions, Secret Diseases, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Sexual Organs,

Arising from Excesses and Imprudencies in life, and removing all Improper Discharges from the Bladder, Kidneys, or Sexual Organs, whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause they may have originated, *And no matter of how long standing,* Giving health and vigor to the frame, and bloom to the pallid cheek.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!!!

It cures nervous and debilitated sufferers and removes all the symptoms, among which will be found

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, general Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite, with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance & Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, frequently Black Spots flying before the eyes, with temporary Suffusion and loss of Sight; Want of Attention, great Mobility, Restlessness, with horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than solitude, and nothing they more dread for fear of themselves; no repose of manner, no earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried transition from one question to another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—which this medicine invariably removes—soon follows loss of power, fatuity, and Epileptic Fits—in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases—*Insanity and Consumption?* The records of the insane asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In lunatic asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute—neither mirth or grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate.

"With woeful measures wan despair
Low sullen sounds his grief beguiled."

Debility is most terrible! and has brought thousands upon thousands to untimely graves, thus blasting the ambition of many noble youths. It can be cured by the use of this

Infallible Remedy.

If you are suffering with any of the above distressing ailments, the *FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU* will cure you. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

Beware of Quack nostrums and Quack doctors, who falsely boast of abilities and references. Citizens know and avoid them, and save long suffering, money, and exposure, by sending or calling for a bottle of this popular and specific remedy.

It allays all pain and inflammation, is perfectly pleasant in its taste and odor, but immediate in its action.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Is prepared directly according to the Rules of
PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY,
with the greatest accuracy and Chemical knowledge and care devoted in its combination. See Professor Dewees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic, and most of the late standard Works of Medicine.

☞ $100 ☜

One hundred dollars will be paid to any Physician who can prove that the Medicine ever injured a patient; and the testimony of thousands can be produced to prove that it does great good.—Cases of from one week to thirteen years' standing have been effected. The mass of VOLUNTARY testimony in possession of the Proprietor, vouching its virtues and curative powers, is immense, embracing names well known to

SCIENCE AND FAME.

100,000 *Bottles Have Been Sold* and not a single instance of a failure has been reported!

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist, who being duly sworn does say, that his preparation contains no Narcotic, Mercury or injurious Drug, but are purely Vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Sole Manufacturer.
Sworn and subscribed before me this 23d day of Nov., 1854. W. P. HIBBARD, Alderman.

Price, $1 per Bottle, or Six for $5, delivered to any Address,

Accompanied by reliable and responsible certificates from Professors of Medical Colleges, Clergymen and others.

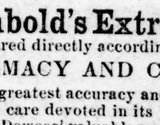
Prepared and sold by H. T. HELMBOLD,
Practical and Analytical Chemist.
No. 52 South Tenth st., below Chestnut, Assembly Buildings, Philadelphia.

Sold by E. J. Aston, Asheville, N. C.
" " B. D. Miller & Co., Hendersonville.
" " C. L. Harris & Co., Rutherfordton.
" " J. M. Crayton, "
" " Hull & Grayson, Marion.
" " J. V. Blackwall, Morgonton.
" " Fitzgerald, Benners & Long, Waynesville.
" " Allman & Cunningham, Franklin.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for Helmbold's; Take no other.

Cures Guarantied.
June 4, 1857. y1

Blacksmithing.



THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that the Blacksmith business at the

New Brick Shop,

immediately south of his residence, will hereafter be conducted by himself. He has the very best workmen employed, and is prepared to turn out every description of work at short notice and in the best style. Despatch and punctuality may be relied on at this establishment.

Particular attention is paid to

HORSE SHOEING,

and he challenges a comparison of his work in this department with any other establishment in the State.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to, at reasonable rates.

T. GOODLAKE.
Asheville, July 2, 1857.